

A Bill to Regulate the Commercial Use of Generative Artificial Intelligence

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall establish federal standards for the commercial development and
3 use of generative artificial intelligence (AI) to ensure transparency, consumer protection,
4 and responsible innovation.

5 **SECTION 2.** A. Generative AI refers to any system capable of producing text, images, audio,
6 video, code, or other content not explicitly programmed by a human.

7 B. Commercial use refers to deployment of generative AI by any business or organization
8 for profit, advertising, customer interaction, or data processing.

9 **SECTION 3.** A. Businesses must clearly disclose when generative AI is used in customer-
10 facing interactions or content, and developers must publish annual transparency
11 summaries including training data categories, known limitations, and safety testing
12 procedures.

13 B. Generative AI may not collect or use biometric, health, or financial data without explicit
14 consent, and businesses deploying generative AI shall be liable for harms caused by
15 negligent or reckless use.

16 C. A Generative AI Standards Office (GAISO) within the Department of Commerce shall
17 issue guidelines and investigate violations.

18 D. Violations of this legislation shall incur civil penalties up to \$50,000 per violation.

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
20 hereby declared null and void.

A Bill for Rural Healthcare Student Loan Forgiveness

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States government shall pay all medical school and dental school student loans
3 for doctors, dentists, and orthodontists who work at rural medical centers immediately
4 upon graduation for five years.

5 **SECTION 2.** “Rural medical centers” are defined as any medical practice listed on the Department of
6 Human Service’s Rural Health Information Hub’s maps of Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs),
7 Federally Qualified Health Center Sites in Rural Areas, Rural Emergency Hospitals (REHs),
8 and Rural Health Clinics (RHCs).

9 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Education (DOE) shall implement this legislation.

10 A. \$50 million will be allocated to them for enforcement.

11 B. The money for student loan relief will come directly from the Department of Defense’s
12 (DOD) budget.

13 C. Doctors are not expected to pay any student loans over the five years. The
14 government will pay the loans in full after five years.

15 D. If doctors stop working at rural hospitals at any point during the five years, they will
16 have to pay their student loan debt individually.

17 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
18 hereby declared null and void.

**A Bill to Provide a Federal Tax Exemption for K-12 Teachers
to Facilitate Education in Public Schools**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Teachers that work in a K-12 institution shall be exempt from paying federal income taxes.

3 **SECTION 2.** Teachers shall be defined as a full-time licensed employee of a local school district who has
4 direct responsibility for instruction of students. K-12 shall be defined as an educational
5 entity providing primary and secondary education, spanning from kindergarten through
6 12th grade.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service will oversee the implementation of this legislation.

8 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect upon passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
9 hereby declared null and void.

The Homes First Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The federal government shall establish a National Master Leasing Program to lease vacant
3 or underutilized commercial and hospitality properties for residential use to house
4 individuals experiencing homelessness, with integrated on-site support services to promote
5 long-term stability.

6 **SECTION 2.** A. Master Leasing shall be defined as a legal agreement where the government
7 leases an entire building from a private owner and assumes responsibility for subleasing
8 units and property management.

9 B. Underutilized shall be defined as any commercial property with an occupancy rate
10 below 20% for a period exceeding 12 consecutive months.

11 C. On-Site Support Services mean services provided at or directly connected to program
12 sites, including mental health or substance-use counseling referrals, job-training
13 assistance, and coordination of social services.

14 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) shall administer and enforce
15 this Act through the following mechanisms:

16 A. Entering master lease agreements with property owners and contracting with nonprofit
17 or local partners for property management and on-site support services.

18 B. Authorizing residential use of leased properties notwithstanding state or local zoning or
19 land-use laws.

20 C. Ensuring all leased properties meet HUD habitability and safety standards before
21 occupancy.

22 D. Funding the program through a 1 percent federal surcharge on commercial real estate
23 transactions exceeding \$4 million, with proceeds dedicated to HUD for program
24 operation and expansion.

25 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on October 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation
26 are hereby declared null and void.

**A Bill to Amend the Fair Labor Standards Act to Reduce
the Work Week to Thirty-Two Hours**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Fair Labor Standards Act is amended by altering its standard work week of forty hours,
3 as determined in 29 U.S. Code § 207, to instead be thirty-two hours. No part of this
4 legislation shall be taken to alter any other portion of the Fair Labor Standards Act. All
5 other references or provisions in law referring to the standard forty-hour workweek shall
6 be duly altered and considered to refer to a thirty-two-hour work week.

7 **SECTION 2.** This legislation shall be implemented by the Department of Labor.

8 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation
9 are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Mandate Later School Start Times to Promote Student Mental Health

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Public schools receiving federal funding must set their start time for instructional hours no
3 earlier than 8:30 AM local time.

4 **SECTION 2.** "Instructional hours" refers to the mandatory academic period of the school day.

5 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education shall oversee the enforcement of this legislation.

6 A. Schools may apply for a one-year waiver if they can demonstrate significant logistical
7 hardship regarding transportation.

8 B. Schools are prohibited from scheduling academic courses or mandatory extracurricular
9 practices prior to the 8:30 AM start time.

10 C. Non-compliant districts will see a 10% reduction in federal block grant funding.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1st, 2027, before the start of the 2027-2028
12 academic year. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Avert Federal Government Shutdowns

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** If Congress fails to enact appropriations legislation for any fiscal year by the statutory
3 deadline, funding for all federal agencies and programs shall automatically continue at the
4 prior fiscal year's enacted levels until new appropriations legislation is passed.

5 **SECTION 2.** For purposes of this legislation:

6 A. "Statutory deadline" shall mean September 30 of each year, or any alternative deadline
7 established by concurrent resolution.

8 B. "Prior fiscal year's enacted levels" shall mean the funding levels established in the most
9 recently enacted regular or omnibus appropriations legislation, excluding supplemental
10 appropriations.

11 C. "Automatic continuing appropriations" shall apply to all discretionary and mandatory
12 spending programs requiring annual appropriations.

13 **SECTION 3.** The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) shall oversee implementation of this
14 legislation.

15 A. OMB shall, within 48 hours of any lapse in appropriations, issue guidance to all federal
16 agencies regarding continuation of operations under the prior year's funding levels.

17 B. OMB shall apply prior year funding levels proportionally across all agencies and
18 programs, with exceptions only for constitutionally mandated expenditures.

19 C. OMB shall report monthly to Congress on the duration and fiscal implications of
20 reliance on automatic appropriations.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on October 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation
22 are hereby declared null and void.

The Humane Opportunities for Migrant Entry (HOME) Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Congress shall establish a pathway to legal permanent residency for all undocumented
3 immigrants who have lived in the United States for at least five consecutive years, have not
4 been convicted of a felony, and have consistently pursued employment or education.

5 **SECTION 2.** A. The term “pathway to legal permanent residency” shall refer to a structured,
6 multi-step process requiring background checks, application fees, and completion of a
7 probationary period before eligibility for United States citizenship.

8 B. Additionally, the Department of Homeland Security shall have the power to increase the
9 annual limit on temporary and permanent employment-based visas to better align with
10 current labor market needs.

11 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen and enforced by the Department of Homeland Security in
12 coordination with the Department of Labor.

13 A. The Department of Homeland Security shall expand and modernize asylum processing
14 facilities to reduce case backlogs and ensure the timely and humane adjudication of
15 asylum claims.

16 B. Funding for this Act shall be provided through application fees, fines imposed on
17 employers who violate federal immigration employment laws, and the reallocation of
18 existing administrative funds within the Department of Homeland Security.

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation
20 are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Ban Corporate Acquisition of Single-Family Residences

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All institutional investors are hereby prohibited from purchasing additional single-family
3 homes. Institutional investors currently holding such properties must divest 20% of their
4 portfolio annually to individual buyers or non-profit housing groups.

5 **SECTION 2.** "Single-family residence" shall be defined as a detached housing unit designed for one
6 family. "Institutional investors" are defined as for-profit entities owning more than 50
7 residential properties.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall oversee enforcement. For each violation,
9 violators shall be fined 50% of the fair market value of the prohibited acquisition.

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation
11 are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Implement Red Flag Laws to Prevent Gun Violence

1 **SECTION 1.** The federal government authorizes federal courts to implement Emergency and Long-term
2 Extreme Risk Protection Orders (ERPOs). Additionally, the federal government shall
3 establish a \$10 billion grant to help state and tribal governments to implement ERPO Laws.
4 The federal government shall also allocate \$5 billion to establish a database of known ERPO
5 recipients for the general public.

6 **SECTION 2.** An Extreme Risk Protection Order (ERPO) shall be defined as a petition to a court made by
7 any of the following: a family/household member, a law enforcement officer, an educator,
8 school administrator, or a medical professional to temporarily remove and prevent the
9 purchase of firearms by individuals deemed to be a threat to themselves or others. An
10 Emergency ERPO shall last for no longer than 21 days and can be issued without the
11 respondent present. A Long-Term ERPO shall last for no longer than 5 years and requires
12 due process to be implemented.

13 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice (DOJ) and Federal Bureau of Investigations will be responsible
14 for the enforcement of this Legislation.

15 A. The DOJ shall be responsible for establishing the grant and providing resources to assist
16 state, local, and tribal governments with implementing ERPOs.

17 B. The DOJ and Federal Bureau of Investigation shall establish a database of all ERPO
18 recipients that shall be made accessible to the general public to prevent recipients
19 from purchasing additional firearms.

20 C. The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) shall coordinate with local law enforcement
21 to serve ERPOs, confiscate firearms and ammunition, and identify potential ERPO
22 recipients.

23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation
24 are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Require National Service for All Citizens

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Every citizen and lawful permanent resident of the United States shall complete a minimum
3 of 12 months of national service upon attaining the age of 18 and before the age of 26.

4 **SECTION 2.** The service requirement may be fulfilled by:

5 A. Military service

6 B. Public service programs, including but not limited to education assistance, disaster
7 response, or public health initiatives; or

8 C. Other services approved by the Corporation for National and Community Service
9 (Corporation).

10 **SECTION 3.** The Corporation may grant deferments for:

11 A. Individuals pursuing higher education; or

12 B. Cases of family or personal hardship.

13 **SECTION 4.** Exemptions may be granted for individuals with significant physical or mental disabilities,
14 as certified by a qualified medical professional.

15 **SECTION 5.** During service, participants shall receive:

16 A. A living allowance during service,

17 B. Health insurance coverage; and

18 C. Eligibility for post-service education grants.

19 **SECTION 6.** Failure to complete the service requirement may result in ineligibility for:

20 A. Federal employment;

21 B. Federally guaranteed student loans or grants; and

22 C. Other benefits as determined by the Corporation.

23 **SECTION 7.** Funding shall be funded by the Department of Defense.

24 **SECTION 8.** This Act shall take effect one year after the date of its enactment.

25 **SECTION 9.** All laws in conflict will become null and void.